NAME DATE

## PARTITIONING CIRCLES AND RECTANGLES

Describe a whole by the number of equal parts including $\mathbf{2}$ halves $\mathbf{3}$ thirds and 4 fourths.
1)

| 1 sixth | 1 sixth | 1 sixth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 sixth | 1 sixth | 1 sixth |

__ sixths = _ whole.
2)

| 1 ninth | 1 ninth | 1 ninth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 ninth | 1 ninth | 1 ninth |
| 1 ninth | 1 ninth | 1 ninth |

$\qquad$ ninths $=$ $\qquad$ whole.
3)

| 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth |
| 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth | 1 fifth |

$\qquad$ fifths = $\qquad$ whole.
4)

_
fourths = $\qquad$ whole.
5)

$\qquad$ eighths = $\qquad$ whole.

